

MI-MEDIC

Michigan Medication Emergency Dosing and Intervention Cards



**Based on the State of Michigan EMS Protocols
Revised 2023**

Version 4.1.4

MI-MEDIC Instructions

Determine the appropriate card to be used based on the following order:

1. Select the card that matches the patient's weight when known. Be sure not to confuse pounds and kilograms.
2. Use approved length-based pediatric resuscitation tape to determine the correct card when weight is unknown.
3. Use the patient's age to determine the correct card when resuscitation tape is not available, estimating age when unknown.
4. If pediatric patient exceeds length-based tape, use **BLACK** (adult) card.

Pediatric Patients (≤ 14 years old)

1. Select the desired medication or intervention.
2. Assure the medication concentration on hand is the SAME as specified on the MI-MEDIC.
3. Administer volume of medication listed at the far right of the card, including dilution amount, if necessary.

Adult Patients (> 14 years old) – Black Cards

1. Select the desired medication or intervention.
2. Assure the medication concentration on hand is the SAME as specified on the MI-MEDIC.
3. Administer volume of medication listed at the far right of the card, including dilution amount, if necessary.
 - Confirm medication DOSE and VOLUME to be delivered with colleague when possible.
 - Contact Medical Control for questions or concerns.

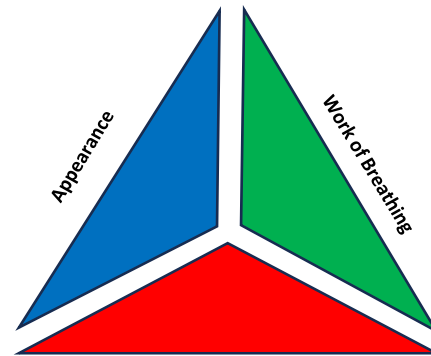
Note: Protocols are dynamic and may change based on current science. EMS personnel must be familiar with the most current set of approved protocols which take precedence over the information included in the MI-MEDIC.

Pediatric Assessment Tools

Pediatric Glasgow Coma Scale

	Pediatric Glasgow Coma Scale		
	< 1 Year	> 1 Year	Score
Eye Opening	Spontaneous	Spontaneous	4
	To Speech	To verbal command	3
	To pain	To pain	2
	No response	No response	1
Verbal Response	Coos, babbles	Oriented	5
	Cries and is consolable	Disoriented/Confused	4
	Cries to pain	Inappropriate words	3
	Grunts, moans	Incomprehensible sounds	2
	No response	No response	1
Motor Response	Spontaneous	Obeys	6
	Localizes pain	Localizes pain	5
	Withdraws from pain	Withdraws from pain	4
	Flexion (decorticate)	Flexion (decorticate)	3
	Extension (decerebrate)	Extension (decerebrate)	2
	No Response	No Response	1

Pediatric Assessment Triangle



Circulation to Skin

APGAR Scale

	APGAR Scale		
Sign	0	1	2
Appearance: Color	Blue or Pale	Cyanosis in extremities	Completely pink
Pulse: Heart Rate	Absent	Less than 100 bpm	Greater than 100 bpm
Grimace: Reflex Irritability	No Response	Grimace	Cry or Active Withdrawal
Activity: Muscle Tone	Limp	Some Flexion	Active Motion
Respiration	Absent	Weak Cry: Hypoventilation	Good, Crying

Pain Scale



No Hurt

Hurts Little Bit

Hurts Little More

Hurts Even More

Hurts Whole Lot

Hurts Worst

Pediatric Burn Considerations

- Children have a greater body surface area (BSA) per unit of body mass than adults.
- Children require greater amounts of resuscitation fluid proportionally.
- Heads comprises > percentage of BSA.
- Large head contributes to > heat loss.
- Skin is thinner & more permeable; toxins will be absorbed faster & exert > systemic effects.

Calculating Burn Percentages in Children

Lund and Browder Chart - For large and TBSA burns.

- This method compensates for variation in body shape with age.

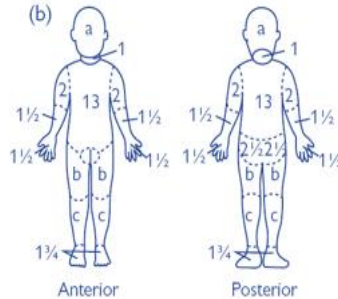
	0 yr.	1 yr.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.	15 yrs.
a - ½ of head	9.5	8.5	6.5	5.5	4.5
b - ½ of 1 thigh	2.75	3.25	4	4.25	4.5
c - ½ of 1 lower leg	2.5	2.5	2.75	3	3.25



The Palm Method

For burns scattered over the body:

- Use **patient's hand** as a guide.
- Entire palmar surface = 1% of the patient's body.



Poison Control
1-800-222-1222

Child Abuse Hotline
1-855-444-3911

Human Trafficking Hotline
1-888-373-7888

Human Trafficking Flags

Living circumstances

- No personal space, too many people in one place
- No or very few personal items
- No identification, may not know address
- Unusual security; barred windows, locks, cameras

Behavior

- Exhibit fear/paranoia of law enforcement or authority figures
- Avoid eye contact with responders
- Often trafficker is with them, controlling them & prevents person from speaking for themselves

Physical Signs

- Physical abuse; bruises, cuts, burns, scars
- Malnourishment
- Unusual tattoos and markings

Infectious Disease Precautions

Standard Precautions are used on all patient encounters and protect against contact with blood, body fluids, non-intact skin and mucous membranes.

PPE:

- Gloves during patient contact.
- Goggles/face shield and surgical masks for any airway procedures.
- Impermeable gown if splash or liquid generation expected.

Transport Considerations:

- Standard transportation to appropriate health care facility.
- If the patient compartment is equipped with an exhaust fan, ensure that it is on.

Contact Precautions are used to provide fluid-resistant barriers to infectious agents that are either highly pathogenic, drug resistant, contagious, or persistent and that can easily be contracted or spread to other environments via surface contact.

PPE:

- Disposable fluid-resistant gown that protects the provider's legs or consider disposable fluid-resistant coveralls.
- Disposable gloves.
- Ensure strict adherence to standard precautions based on situation (e.g., mask, goggles/face shield for splatter risk or airway interventions).

Transport Considerations:

- Consider applying a fluid-resistant barrier sheet to the patient to protect the responder and environmental surfaces in the presence of excessive wound drainage, fecal incontinence, or other discharges.
- Advise receiving hospital of patient on contact precautions who should preferably be transported to a private room.

Additional precautions may apply for special respiratory and viral hemorrhagic viruses.

Airborne Precautions provide respiratory protection against inhalation of potentially infectious airborne particles.

PPE:

- N95 respirator.
- Disposable gloves.
- Eye protection – goggles or face shield.

Transport Considerations:

- Notify the receiving hospital of the need for an airborne infection isolation room (AIIR) for patient placement.
- If possible, have the patient compartment exhaust vent on high and isolating the driver compartment from the patient compartment. Consider having the driver compartment ventilation fan set to high without recirculation.
- If driver/pilot compartment is not isolated from the patient compartment, vehicle operator should wear N95 respirator.
- Patients who are intubated should be ventilated with a bag-valve device or ventilator equipped with a HEPA filter in-line or on the exhalation port.

Droplet Precautions provide protection to the responder's mucous membranes and respiratory system from exposure to potentially infectious droplets during direct patient care activities.

PPE:

- Disposable surgical mask (N95 respirator per protocols).
- Disposable gloves.
- Eye protection – goggles or face shield.

Transport Considerations:

- If possible, have the patient compartment exhaust vent on high and isolating the driver compartment if performing aerosol generating procedures.
- Increase ventilation by having air or heat on non-recirculating cycle and/or open windows.
- Advise receiving hospital of respiratory symptoms and need for a private room (negative pressure not necessary) would be preferred.

TEN-4-FACESp

Bruising Clinical Decision Rule for Children < 4 Years of Age

When is bruising concerning for abuse in children < 4 years of age?
If bruising in any of the three components (Regions, Infants, Patterns) is present without a reasonable explanation, strongly consider evaluating for child abuse and/or consulting with an expert in child abuse.

TEN

Torso | Ears | Neck



FACES

Frenulum
Angle of Jaw
Cheeks (*fleshy part*)
Eyelids
Subconjunctivae

REGIONS

4 months and younger



Any bruise, anywhere

INFANTS

Patterned bruising



Bruises in specific patterns like slap, grab or loop marks

PATTERNS

See the signs

Unexplained bruises in these areas most often result from physical assault.

TEN-4-FACESp is not to diagnose abuse but to function as a screening tool to improve the recognition of potentially abused children with bruising who require further evaluation.

TEN-4-FACESp was developed and validated by Dr. Mary Clyde Pierce and colleagues. It is published and available for FREE download at luriechildrens.org/ten-4-facesp.

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Pediatric Equipment Sizes and Normal Vital Signs

	3 - 5 Kg 6-12 lbs GREY	6 - 7 Kg 13-16 lbs PINK	8 - 9 Kg 17-20 lbs RED	10 - 11 Kg 21-25 lbs PURPLE	12 - 14 Kg 26-31 lbs YELLOW	15 - 18 Kg 32-40 lbs WHITE	19 - 23 Kg 41-51 lbs BLUE	24 - 29 Kg 52-64 lbs ORANGE	30 - 36 Kg 65-79 lbs GREEN
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NORMAL VITALS

Heart Rate	100-180	100-180	100-180	80-160	80-130	80-120	70-110	70-110	70-110
Respiratory Rate	30-60	30-45	25-35	20-30	20-30	20-30	18-24	18-22	16-20
Systolic BP	60-100 mmHg	65-100 mmHg	70-110 mmHg	72-110 mmHg	74-110 mmHg	76-110 mmHg	80-110 mmHg	80-110 mmHg	90-120 mmHg
Blood Glucose	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl	>60 mg/dl

Development	Flexed position when prone. Inhibited grasp reflex.	Rolls from front to back, back to side. Carries object to mouth.	Clear preference for caregiver with stranger anxiety. Sits steady without support	Able to cruise and beginning to walk. Uses cup well along with some spoon agility.	Able to manipulate small objects, turn door knobs and unscrew lids.	Speaks in sentences of 5 to 6 words. Draws circles and squares.	Able to tell a brief story with a complete sentence. Able to balance on one foot for a short period of time.	Dresses themselves, can catch a ball more easily.	Demonstrate abstract thinking. Highly emotional development stage.
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EQUIPMENT SIZES

OPA	50 mm	50 mm	50 mm	60 mm	60 mm	60 mm	70 mm	80 mm	80 mm
NPA	14 F	14 F	14 F	18 F	20 F	22 F	24 F	26 F	30 F
BVM	Infant	Infant	Infant	Child	Child	Child	Child	Child	Adult
Laryngoscope	0-1 (straight)	1 (straight)	1 (straight)	1 (straight)	2 (straight/curved)	2 (straight/curved)	2 (straight/curved)	2-3 (straight/curved)	2-3 (straight/curved)
iGel	1.0 - 1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5 - 2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0-2.5	2.5-3.0
LMA Supreme	1.0 - 1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0-2.5	2.5-3.0
King-LT	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0-2.5	2.5-3.0

ETI NOTE

*** NO ETI unless unable to ventilate ----- ETCO2 Mandatory ----- NO ETI unless unable to ventilate ----- ETCO2 Mandatory ***

ET Tube	2-2.5 (cuffed)	3 (cuffed)	3-3.5 (cuffed)	3.5 (cuffed)	3.5-4 (cuffed)	4.5-5 (cuffed)	5 (cuffed)	5.5 (cuffed)	6 (cuffed)
ET Depth	10-11 cm	11.5 cm	12-12.5 cm	13 cm	13-14 cm	15 cm	16-17 cm	18 cm	19-19.5 cm

3-5 kilograms (6-12 pounds) / 0-2 Months

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 100-180, RR: 30-60, Systolic BP: 60-100 mmHg, BG > 40 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)

	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.05 mg	0.5 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	25 mg	0.5 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	6 mg	0.3 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.1 mg	1 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. 0.1 mg/kg. For SVT (HR > 220)	0.5 mg	0.2 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. For SVT (HR > 220)	1 mg	0.4 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	5 mcg	0.5 mL (Diluted)

Electrical Therapy

Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.

*Synchronized Cardioversion² for unstable tachycardia

	Initial²	Repeat²
	7 J	15 J
	5 J	10 J

Equipment

OPA: 50 mm NPA: 14 F BVM: Infant Laryngoscope: 0-1 (straight) iGel: 1.0-1.5 LMA Supreme: 1.0-1.5 King-LT: 0-1.0

ET Tube: 2-2.5 (cuffed) ET Depth: 10-11 cm No ETI unless unable to ventilate**Fluid Bolus**

Normal Saline 100 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1 PRN

***CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL**¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2²May adjust to closest available energy setting

3-5 kilograms (6-12 pounds) / 0-2 Months
CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

GRAY

Normal Vitals: HR: 100-180, RR: 30-60, Systolic BP: 60-100 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 40 mg/dl.

Special Precautions: Be sure to keep the baby warm.

Development: Flexed position when prone. Inhibited grasp reflex.

Condition	Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	5 mg	0.1 mL
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2 mL)	10 mg	0.2 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) <u>or</u> 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only). Contact medical control, if possible.	0.1 mg	0.1 mL IM
Stridor	Racpinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.1 mL IM
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	44.8 mg	1.4 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D12.5% (6.25 g/50 mL) <u>12.5 mL of D50% diluted with 37.5 mL Normal Saline = D12.5%</u> Give slow IV	2.5 g	20 mL (D12.5%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	2.5 g	25 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.5 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV/IN (100 mcg/2 mL)	5 mcg	0.1 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	0.5 mg	0.5 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	0.5 mg	0.5 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS IV SLOWLY .	150 mg	1.5 mL IV Slowly

6-7 kilograms (13-16 pounds) / 3-6 Months

PINK

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 100-180, RR: 30-45, Systolic BP: 65-100 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 40 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.1 mg	1 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	35 mg	0.7 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	8 mg	0.4 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.15 mg	1.5 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. For SVT (HR >220)	0.6 mg	0.2 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. For SVT (HR > 220)	1.2 mg	0.4 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	7 mcg	0.7 mL (Diluted)

Electrical Therapy	Initial²	Repeat²
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	15 J	30 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	10 J	20 J

Equipment

OPA: **50 mm** NPA: **14 F** BVM: **Infant** Laryngoscope: **1 (straight)** iGel: **1.5** LMA Supreme: **1.5** King-LT: **1.0**
 ET Tube: **3 (cuffed)** ET Depth: **11.5 cm** *No ETI unless unable to ventilate*

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **130 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1 PRN**

*CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

6-7 kilograms (13-16 pounds) / 3-6 Months

PINK

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS**Normal Vitals:** HR: 100-180, RR: 30-45, Systolic BP: 65-100 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 40 mg/dl.**Special Precautions:** Be sure to keep the baby warm.**Development:** Rolls from front to back, back to side. Carries object to mouth.

Condition	Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	10 mg	0.2 mL
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2mL)	12.5 mg	0.2 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) or 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only) Contact medical control, if possible.	0.1 mg	0.1 mL
Stridor	Racpinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL)	1 mg	0.2 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	96 mg	3 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D25% (12.5 g/50 mL) 25 mL of D50% diluted with 25 mL of Normal Saline = D25% Give Slow IV	3.25 g	13 mL (D25%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	3.3 g	33 mL (D10%)
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.5 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV (100 mcg/2 mL)	10 mcg	0.2 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	0.7 mg	0.7 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	1 mg	1 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS IV SLOWLY.	200 mg	2 mL IV SLOWLY
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	300 mg	3 mL

8-9 kilograms (17-20 pounds) / 7-10 Months

RED

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 100-180, RR: 25-35, Systolic BP: 70-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 40 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)

	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Volume</u>
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.1 mg	1 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	50 mg	1 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	10 mg	0.5 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.2 mg	2 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. For SVT (HR > 220)	0.9	0.3 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. For SVT (HR > 220)	1.8	0.6 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	9 mcg	0.9 mL (Diluted)

Electrical Therapy

	<u>Initial²</u>	<u>Repeat²</u>
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	20 J	50 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	10 J	20 J

Equipment

OPA: **50 mm** NPA: **14 F** BVM: **Infant** Laryngoscope: **1 (straight)** iGel: **1.5** LMA Supreme: **1.5** King-LT: **1.0**
ET Tube: **3-3.5 (cuffed)** ET Depth: **12-12.5 cm** No ETI unless unable to ventilate

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **170 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1 PRN**

***CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL**

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

Normal Vitals: HR 100-180, RR: 25-35, Systolic BP: 70-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 40 mg/dl.

Special Precautions: Infants must be kept warm.

Development: Clear preference for caregiver with stranger anxiety. Sits steady without support.

Condition	Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	10 mg	0.2 mL
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2 mL)	12.5 mg	0.2 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) or 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only). Contact Medical Control, if possible.	0.1 mg	0.1 mL IM
Stridor	Racpinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5mg/mL) Give first if no IV	1 mg	0.2 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.1 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	128 mg	4 mL PO
	Ibuprofen PO (100 mg/5 mL)	80 mg	4 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D25% (12.5 g/50 mL) 25 mL of D50% diluted with 25 mL of Normal Saline = D25% Give Slow IV	4.25 g	17 mL (D25%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	4.3 g	43mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.5 mL IM
Pain Control	Fentanyl IV/IN (100 mcg/2 mL)	10 mcg	0.2 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	0.9 mg	0.9 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	1 mg	1 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS IV SLOWLY .	250 mg	2.5 mL IV SLOWLY
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY .	400 mg	4 mL

10-11 kilograms (21-25 pounds) /11-18 Months

PURPLE

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 80-160, RR: 20-30, Systolic BP: 72-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.1 mg	1 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	50 mg	1 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	10 mg	0.5 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.2 mg	2 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. For SVT (HR >180)	1.2 mg	0.4 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. For SVT (HR > 180)	2 mg	0.7 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	10 mcg	1 mL (Diluted)

Electrical Therapy	Initial²	Repeat²
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	20 J	50 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	10 J	20 J

Equipment

OPA: **60 mm** NPA: **18 F** BVM: **Child** Laryngoscope: **1 (straight)** iGel: **1.5-2.0** LMA Supreme: **1.5** King-LT: **1.0**
 ET Tube: **3.5 (cuffed)** ET Depth: **13 cm** No ETI unless unable to ventilate

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **200 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1 PRN**

*CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

Normal Vitals: HR: 80-160, RR: 20-30, Systolic BP: 72-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Development: (12 mos) Able to cruise and beginning to walk. (15-18 mos) Uses cup well along with some spoon agility.

<u>Condition</u>	<u>Medication</u> - (confirm concentration is as specified)	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Volume</u>
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	15 mg	0.3 mL
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2 mL)	18.8 mg	0.3 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) <u>or</u> 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only)	0.1 mg	0.1 mL IM
Stridor	Racpinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL) Give first if no IV	1 mg	0.2 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.1 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	160 mg	5 mL PO
	Ibuprofen PO (100 mg/5 mL)	100 mg	5 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D25% (12.5 g/50 mL) 25 mL of D50% diluted with 25 mL of Normal Saline = D25% Give Slow IV	5.0 g	20 mL (D25%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	5.0 g	50 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.5 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV/IO/IN (100 mcg/2 mL) (For IN, divide dose between two nostrils)	10 mcg	0.2 mL
	Ketamine IN (100 mg/1 mL)	10 mg	0.1 mL IN
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	1 mg	1 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/ 2mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	1 mg	1 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS IV SLOWLY.	300 mg	3 mL IV SLOWLY
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	500 mg	5 mL

12-14 kilograms (26-31 pounds) /19-35 Months

YELLOW

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 80-130, RR: 20-30, Systolic BP: 74-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)

	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.15 mg	1.5 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	75 mg	1.5 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	14 mg	0.7 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.25 mg	2.5 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. For SVT (HR > 180)	1.5 mg	0.5 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. For SVT (HR > 180)	3 mg	1 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	10 mcg	1 mL (Diluted)
Electrical Therapy	Initial²	Repeat²
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	30 J	50 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	15 J	30 J

Equipment

OPA: **60 mm** NPA: **20 F** BVM: **Child** Laryngoscope: **2 (straight/curved)** iGel: **2.0** LMA Supreme: **2.0** King-LT: **2.0**
 ET Tube: **3.5-4 (cuffed)** ET Depth: **13-14 cm** No ETI unless unable to ventilate

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **250 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1 PRN**

*CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

Normal Vitals: HR: 80-130, RR: 20-30, Systolic BP: 74-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Development: Able to manipulate small objects, turn door knobs and unscrew lids.

<u>Condition</u>	<u>Medication</u> - (confirm concentration is as specified)	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Volume</u>
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	15 mg	0.3
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2mL)	18.75 mg	0.3 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) <u>or</u> 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only)	0.2 mg	0.2 mL
Stridor	Racpinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL) Give first if no IV	1.5 mg	0.3 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5 mg/mL)	1 mg	0.2 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	192 mg	6 mL PO
	Ibuprofen (100 mg/5 mL)	120 mg	6 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D25% (12.5 g/50 mL) 25 mL of D50% diluted with 25 mL of Normal Saline = D25% Give Slow IV	6.25 g	25 mL (D25%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	6.25 g	62.5 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.5 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV/IN (100 mcg/2 mL) (For IN, divide dose between two nostrils)	10 mcg	0.2 mL
	Ketamine IN (100 mg/1 mL)	10 mg	0.1 mL
	Morphine IV/IM/IO (10 mg/mL)	2 mg	0.2 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	1.5 mg	1.5 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	1.5 mg	1.5 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	400 mg	4 mL
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	650 mg	6.5 mL

15-18 kilograms (32-40 pounds) / 3-4 Years

WHITE

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 80-120, RR: 20-30, Systolic BP: 76-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.2 mg	2 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	100 mg	2 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	20 mg	1 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.35 mg	3.5 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose.	1.8 mg	0.6 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose.	3.6 mg	1.2 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	10 mcg	1 mL (Diluted)

Electrical Therapy	Initial²	Repeat²
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	50 J	70 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	20 J	40 J

Equipment

OPA: 60 mm NPA: 22 F BVM: Child Laryngoscope: 2 (straight/curved) iGel: 2.0 LMA Supreme: 2.0 King-LT: 2.0
ET Tube: 4.5-5.0 (cuffed) ET Depth: 15 cm No ETI unless unable to ventilate

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline 300 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1 PRN

*CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

15-18 kilograms (32-40 pounds) / 3-4 Years

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

WHITE

Normal Vitals: HR: 80-120, RR: 20-30, Systolic BP: 76-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Development: Speaks in sentences of 5 to 6 words. Draws circles and squares.

<u>Condition</u>	<u>Medication</u> - (confirm concentration is as specified)	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Volume</u>
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	20 mg	0.4 mL
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2mL)	31 mg	0.5 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) or 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only)	0.2 mg	0.2 mL
Stridor	Racpinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL) Give first if no IV	1.5 mg	0.3 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5 mg/mL)	1 mg	0.2 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	224 mg	7 mL PO
	Ibuprofen PO (100 mg/5 mL)	150 mg	7.5 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D25% (12.5 g/50 mL) 25 mL of D50% diluted with 25 mL of Normal Saline = D25% Give Slow IV	8 g	32 mL (D25%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	8 g	80 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	0.5 mg	0.5 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV (100 mcg/2 mL)	15 mcg	0.3 mL
	Ketamine IN (100 mg/1 mL)	10 mg	0.1 mL IN
	Morphine IV/IM/IO (10 mg/mL)	2 mg	0.2 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	1.8 mg	1.8 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	1.8 mg	1.8 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	500 mg	5 mL
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	850 mg	8.5 mL

19-23 kilograms (41-51 pounds) / 5-6 Years

BLUE

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 70-110, RR: 18-24, Systolic BP: 80-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose >60 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.2 mg	2 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	100 mg	2 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	20 mg	1 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.4 mg	4 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. Follow with 10 mL Normal Saline flush. For SVT (HR > 180)	2.1 mg	0.7 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. Follow with 10 mL Normal Saline flush. For SVT (HR > 180)	4.2 mg	1.4 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	10 mcg	1 mL (Diluted)
Electrical Therapy	Initial²	Repeat²
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	50 J	100 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	20 J	50 J

Equipment

OPA: **70 mm** NPA: **24 F** BVM: **Child** Laryngoscope: **2 (straight/curved)** iGel: **2.0** LMA Supreme: **2.0** King-LT: **2.0**
 ET Tube: **5 (cuffed)** ET Depth: **16-17 cm** No ETI unless unable to ventilate

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **400 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1 PRN**

*CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

Normal Vitals: HR: 70-110, RR: 18-24, Systolic BP 80-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Development: Able to tell a brief story with a complete sentence. Able to balance on one foot for a short period of time.

<u>Condition</u>	<u>Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)</u>	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Volume</u>
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	25 mg	0.5 mg
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2mL)	37.5 mg	0.6 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) or 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only)	0.2 mg	0.2 mL
Stridor	Racinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL) Give first if no IV	2 mg	0.4 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5 mg/mL)	1 mg	0.2 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	288 mg	9 mL PO
	Ibuprofen PO (100 mg/5 mL)	190 mg	9.5 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D25% (12.5 g/50 mL) 25 mL of D50% diluted with 25 mL of Normal Saline = D25% Give Slow IV	10 g	40 mL (D25%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	10 g	100 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	1 mg	1 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV/IN (100 mcg/2 mL) For IN, divide dose equally between both nostrils	20 mcg	0.4 mL IV/IN
	Ketamine IN (100 mg/1 mL)	20 mg	0.2 mL IN
	Ketorolac IV/IM (15 mg/1 mL)	10.5 mg	0.7 mL IV/IM
	Morphine IV/IM/IO (10 mg/mL)	2 mg	0.2 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	2 mg	2 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	2 mg	2 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	600 mg	6 mL
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	1 g	10 mL

24-29 kilograms (52-64 pounds) / 7-9 Years

ORANGE

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: 70-110, RR: 18-22, Systolic BP: 80-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medications - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.3 mg	3 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	125 mg	2.5 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	30 mg	1.5 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.5 mg	5 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. For SVT (HR > 180)	3 mg	1 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. For SVT (HR > 180)	6 mg	2 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	10 mcg	1 mL (Diluted) IV/IO
Electrical Therapy	Initial²	Repeat²
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	50 J	100 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	30 J	70 J

Equipment

OPA: **80 mm** NPA: **26 F** BVM: **Child** Laryngoscope: **2-3 (straight/curved)** iGel: **2.0-2.5** LMA Supreme: **2.0-2.5** King-LT: **2.0-2.5**
 ET Tube: **5.5 (cuffed)** ET Depth: **18 cm** No ETI unless unable to ventilate

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **500 mL IV/IO - May repeat x 1**

***CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL**

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

Normal Vitals: HR: 70-110, RR: 18-22, Systolic BP: 80-110 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Condition	Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	30 mg	0.6 mL
	Prednisone PO (50 mg tablet)	50 mg	1 tablet PO
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2mL)	50 mg	0.8 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) or 1 Pediatric Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only)	0.2 mg	0.2 mL
Stridor	Racpinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL) Give first if no IV	2.5 mg	0.5 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5 mg/mL)	1.5 mg	0.3 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	384 mg	12 mL PO
	Ibuprofen PO (100 mg/5 mL)	260 mg	13 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D50% (25 g/50 mL) Give Slow IV	12.5 g	25 mL (D50%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	12.5 g	125 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	1 mg	1 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV/IN (100 mcg/2 mL) For IN, divide dose equally between both nostrils	25 mcg	0.5 mL
	Ketamine IN (100 mg/1 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	30 mg	0.3 mL
	Ketorolac IV/IM (15 mg/1 mL)	15 mg	1 mL IV/IM
	Morphine IV/IO (10 mg/mL)	3 mg	0.3 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	2 mg	2 mL
	Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	2 mg	2 mL IN
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	800 mg	8 mL
	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix as above. Add specific dose to 100 mL NS.	800 mg	8 mL in 100 mL NS
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	1.3 g	13 mL
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix as above. Add specific dose to 100 mL NS.	1.3 g	13 mL in 100 mL NS

30-36 kilograms (65-79 pounds) / 10-14 Years

GREEN

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 70-110, RR: 16-20, Systolic BP: 90-120 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medications - (confirm concentration is as specified)

	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Volume</u>
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia ¹	0.3 mg	3 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	150 mg	3 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia*)	30 mg	1.5 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia unresponsive to Epinephrine ¹	0.5 mg	5 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose . For SVT (HR > 180)	4 mg	1.3 mL
*Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose . For SVT (HR > 180)	8 mg	2.6 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	10 mcg	1 mL (Diluted) IV/IO

Electrical Therapy

	<u>Initial²</u>	<u>Repeat²</u>
Defibrillation (pediatric pads preferred) Adult pads may be used anterior/posterior.	70 J	150 J
*Synchronized Cardioversion ² for unstable tachycardia	30 J	70-75 J

Equipment

OPA: **80 mm** NPA: **30 F** BVM: **Adult** Laryngoscope: **2-3 (straight/curved)** iGel: **2.5-3.0** LMA Supreme: **2.5-3.0** King-LT: **2.5-3.0**
 ET Tube: **6 (cuffed)** ET Depth: **19-19.5 cm** No ETI unless unable to ventilate

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **700 mL IV/IO** - May repeat x 1 PRN

*CONTACT MEDICAL CONTROL

¹CPR if HR < 60 after O2

²May adjust to closest available energy setting

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

Normal Vitals: HR: 70-110, RR: 16-20, Systolic BP: 90-120 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Condition	Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	40 mg	0.8 mL
	Prednisone PO (50 mg tablet)	50 mg	1 tablet PO
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2mL)	62.7 mg	1 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) <u>or</u> 1 Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only)	0.3 mg	0.3 mL
Stridor	Racinephrine 2.25% Nebulized (place 0.5 mL in 3 mL normal saline)	11.25 mg	3.5 mL
	Epinephrine (1 mg/mL) nebulized	5 mg	5 mL
Seizure	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL) Give first if no IV	3 mg	0.6 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5 mg/mL)	1.5 mg	0.3 mL
Fever/Pain	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL)	480 mg	15 mL
	Ibuprofen PO (100 mg/5 mL)	300 mg	15 mL
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D50% (25 g/50 mL) Give Slow IV	15 g	30 mL (D50%)
	Dextrose 10% (100mg/mL)	15 g	150 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	1 mg	1 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV/IN (100 mcg/2 mL) For IN, divide dose equally between both nostrils	30 mcg	0.6
	Ketamine IV/IO (100 mg/1 mL) Mix dose in 100 mL NS, administer over 10 minutes	10 mg	0.1 mL in 100 mL NS
	Ketamine IN (100 mg/1 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	30 mg	0.3 mL
	Ketorolac IV/IM (15 mg/1 mL)	15 mg	1 mL IV/IM
	Morphine IV/IO (10 mg/mL)	4 mg	0.4 mL
Narcotic OD	Naloxone IV/IM/IN (2 mg/2 mL) For IN, divide dose equally between both nostrils	2 mg	2 mL
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	1 g	10 mL
	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix as above. Add specific dose to 100 mL NS.	1 g	10 mL in 100 mL NS
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	1.7 g	17 mL
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix as above. Add specific dose to 100 mL NS.	1.7 g	17 mL in 100 mL NS

CARDIAC RESUSCITATION

Normal Vitals: HR: 60-100, RR: 12-20, Systolic BP: 100-140 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Resuscitation Medications - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Epinephrine (1 mg/10 mL prefilled syringe) IV/IO Q 3-5 min for arrest/bradycardia	1 mg	10 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV/IO for shock resistant V-Fib	300 mg	6 mL
Lidocaine (100 mg/5 mL) IV/IO for shockable V-Fib (or wide-complex tachycardia)	100 mg	5 mL
Amiodarone (150 mg/3 mL) IV for stable wide-complex tachy or symptomatic irregular narrow tachy. Over 10 minutes	150 mg	3 mL
Diltiazam (25 mg/5 mL) IV for symptomatic irregular narrow tachycardia.	20 mg	4 mL
Verapamil (10 mg/4 mL) IV for symptomatic irregular narrow tachycardia.	5 mg	2 mL
Atropine (1 mg/10 mL) IV/IO for bradycardia, every 3-5 min to a max of 3 mg	1 mg	10 mL
Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 1st Dose. For SVT (HR > 150)	6 mg	2 mL
Adenosine (6 mg/2 mL) IV/IO 2nd Dose. For SVT (HR > 150)	12 mg	4 mL
Epinephrine IV/IO (1 mg/10 mL) Push Dose - Dilute 1 mL with 9 mL Normal Saline = 10 mcg/1 mL	10-20 mcg	1 - 2 mL (Diluted)

Electrical Therapy	Initial¹	Repeat¹
V-Fib or Pulseless V-Tach: Defibrillation	120-200 J	Maximum
Unstable, wide <u>irregular</u> tachycardia. Heart rate > 150 bpm: Defibrillation	120-200 J	Maximum
Unstable, narrow complex tachycardia. Heart rate > 150 bpm: Synchronized Cardioversion	100 J	≥ 100 J²

Narcotic Overdose	Dose	Volume
Naloxone IV/IM (2 mg/2 mL)	2 mg	2 mL
Naloxone IN (2 mg/2 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	2 mg	2 mL IN

Fluid Bolus

Normal Saline **1000 mL IV/IO - May repeat one time, PRN**

¹Based on biphasic, use manufacturer's recommended energy

²If no response to first shock, increase energy in a stepwise manner by 20-50 J

CONDITIONS/MEDICATIONS

Normal Vitals: HR: 60-100, RR: 12-20, Systolic BP: 100-140 mmHg, Blood Glucose > 60 mg/dl

Condition	Medication - (confirm concentration is as specified)	Dose	Volume
Wheezing	Albuterol Nebulized (2.5 mg/3 mL)	2.5 mg	3 mL
	Ipratropium Bromide Nebulized (0.5 mg/2.5 mL if wheezing)	500 mcg	2.5 mL
Anaphylaxis	Diphenhydramine IM/IV/IO (50 mg/mL)	50 mg	1 mL
	Prednisone PO (50 mg tablet)	50 mg	1 tablet PO
	Methylprednisolone IV/IO/IM (125 mg/2mL)	125 mg	2 mL
Anaphylaxis/ Profound Distress	Epinephrine IM (1 mg/mL) <u>or</u> 1 Epinephrine Autoinjector IM (Severe symptoms only)	0.3 mg	0.3 mL
Seizure (Sedation)	Midazolam IM (5 mg/mL) Give first if no IV	10 mg	2 mL IM
	Midazolam IV (5 mg/mL)	5 mg	1 mL
Fever/Pain	Ibuprofen PO (100 mg/5 mL)	600 mg	30 mL PO
	Acetaminophen PO (160 mg/5 mL) 15 mg/kg, max dose 1 g	800 mg	25 mL PO
Hypoglycemia (<60 mg/dL)	D50% (25 g/50 mL) Give Slow IV	25 g	50 mL (D50%)
	D10% (25 g/250 mL)	25 g	250 mL
	Glucagon IM (1 mg/mL)	1 mg	1 mL IM
Pain Management	Fentanyl IV (100 mcg/2 mL) For IN, divide dose equally between nostrils	50-100 mcg	1-2 mL
	Ketamine IV/IO (500mg/5 mL) Mix dose in 100 mL NS, administer over 10 minutes	10-20 mg	0.1-0.2 mL in 100 mL NS
	Ketamine IN (500 mg/5 mL) Divide dose equally between both nostrils	30-50 mg	0.3-0.5 mL
	Ketorolac IV/IM (15 mg/ 1 mL)	15 mg	1 mL IV/IM
	Morphine IV/IO/IM (10 mg/mL)	4-5 mg	0.4-0.5 mL
Procedural Sedation	Midazolam (5 mg/mL) 1-5 mg titrated SLOWLY	1-5 mg	0.2 - 1 mL
	Diazepam (10 mg/2mL) 5-10 mg titrated SLOWLY	5-10 mg	1 - 2 mL
	Fentanyl IV (100 mcg/2 mL) 50-100 mcg titrated SLOWLY	50-100 mcg	1 - 2 mL
	Ketamine IV (500 mcg/5 mL) 1.5 mg/kg	75-150 mg	0.75-1.5 mL
Delirium w/Severe Agitation	Ketamine IM (500 mg/5 mL) 4 mg/kg, MAX dose 500 mg FOR SEVERE AGITATION ONLY	200-400 mg	2-4 mL IM
Open Fracture	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	2 g	20 mL
	Cefazolin (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix as above. Add specific dose to 100 mL NS.	2 g	20 mL in 100 mL NS
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix 1 gm of medication per 10 mL NS. Administer IV SLOWLY.	2 g	20 mL
	Ceftriaxone (1000 mg/10 mL) Mix as above. Add specific dose to 100 mL NS.	2 g	20 mL in 100 mL NS

Nerve Agent/Organophosphate Antidotes/Countermeasures

Weight	Age	Duodote ¹ Mod-Severe Sxs	Atropen ² (1 mg) Mod-Severe Sxs	Atropine Dose (0.1 mg/kg) IM/IV/IO	Atropine Vial ² (1 mg/mL)	Cardiac Atropine ^{2,3} (1 mg/10 mL)	Midazolam ⁴ (10 mg/2 mL) IM/IV/IO
3-5 kg (6-11 lbs)	0-2 months	1	1	0.4 mg	0.4 mL	4 mL	0.1 mL
6-7 kg (13-16 lbs)	3-6 months	1	1	0.7 mg	0.7 mL	7 mL	0.2 mL
8-9 kg (17-20 lbs)	7-10 months	1	1	0.9 mg	0.9 mL	9 mL	0.2 mL
10-11 (21-25 lbs)	11-18 months	1	1	1 mg	1 mL	10 mL	0.2 mL
12-14 kg (26-31 lbs)	19-35 months	1	2	1.3 mg	1.3 mL	13 mL	0.25 mL
15-18 kg (32-40 lbs)	3-4 years	1	2	1.6 mg	1.6 mL	16 mL	0.3 mL
19-23 kg (41-51)	5-6 years	1	2	2 mg	2 mL	20 mL	0.4 mL
24-29 kg (52-64)	7-9 years	2	3	2.6 mg	2.6 mL	26 mL	0.5 mL
30-36 kg (65-79 lbs)	10-14 years	2	3	3.3 mg	3.3 mL	33 mL	0.6 mL
Adult	>14 years	2 to 3	4 to 6	4 to 6 mg	4 to 6 mL	40-60 mL	2 mL

¹Preferred initial autoinjector, ²May Repeat atropine every 5 minutes until airway secretions decrease (6 mg maximum), ³Not available in MEDDRUN, ⁴Patients with severe symptoms should receive midazolam even if not obviously seizing

Cyanokit® Administration for Suspected Cyanide Poisoning (including serious smoke inhalation)

Broselow (Weight)	Age	Cyanokit® Dose ¹ (~70 mg/ml +/-) IV/IO	Cyanokit® Volume to Administer ² IV/IO
3-5 kg (6-11 lbs)	0-2 months	250 mg	10 mL ³
6-7 kg (13-16 lbs)	3-6 months	500 mg	20 mL ³
8-9 kg (17-20 lbs)	7-10 months	625 mg	25 mL ³
10-11 (21-25 lbs)	11-18 months	750 mg	30 mL ³
12-14 kg (26-31 lbs)	19-35 months	900 mg	36 mL ³
15-18 kg (32-40 lbs)	3-4 years	1100 mg	44 mL ³
19-23 kg (41-51)	5-6 years	1400 mg	56 mL ³
24-29 kg (52-64)	7-9 years	1750 mg	70 mL ³
30-36 kg (65-79 lbs)	10-14 years	2500 mg	100 mL ⁴ (1/2 bottle)
Adult	>14 years	5000 mg	200 mL ⁴ (full bottle)

¹The safety and efficacy in pediatrics has not been established, ²Administer slowly over 15 minutes.

³Push slowly over 15 minutes, ⁴Infuse over 15 minutes



Bureau of Emergency Preparedness, EMS and Systems of Care



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If you have questions or comments about MI-MEDIC, contact: EMS@Michigan.Gov



Do you need resources related to mental health challenges?
Call 1-833-34-STRONG or go to www.fst5.org

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